

In the United States Court of Federal Claims
OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS
No. 20-1707V

TERESA DAVIS,

Petitioner,

v.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: June 28, 2023

Special Processing Unit (“SPU”);
Damages Decision Based on Proffer;
Influenza (“Flu”) Vaccine; Shoulder
Injury Related to Vaccine
Administration (“SIRVA”)

Ronald Craig Homer, Conway, Homer, P.C., Boston, MA, for Petitioner.

Voris Edward Johnson, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.

DECISION AWARDING DAMAGES¹

On November 30, 2020, Teresa Davis (“Petitioner”) filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*² (the “Vaccine Act”). Petitioner alleges that she suffered a shoulder injury related to vaccine administration (“SIRVA”) resulting from adverse effects of an influenza (“flu”) vaccine she received on September 21, 2019. Pet. at 1, ECF No. 1. Petitioner further alleges that the vaccine was received in the United States, she suffered sequela of her injury for more than six months, and neither Petitioner nor any other party has ever received compensation in the form of an award or settlement for her vaccine-related injury. *Id.* at 2. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

¹ Because this Decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action taken in this case, it must be made publicly accessible and will be posted on the United States Court of Federal Claims’ website, and/or at <https://www.govinfo.gov/app/collection/uscourts/national/cofc>, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2018) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

² National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all section references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2018).

On October 14, 2022, a ruling on entitlement was issued, finding Petitioner entitled to compensation for her SIRVA. ECF No. 34. On June 27, 2023, Respondent filed a Proffer on award of compensation (“Proffer”) indicating Petitioner should be awarded \$52,540.09. Proffer at 1, ECF No. 43. In the Proffer, Respondent represented that Petitioner agrees with the proffered award. *Id.* Based on the record as a whole, I find that Petitioner is entitled to an award as stated in the Proffer.

Pursuant to the terms stated in the attached Proffer, **I award Petitioner a lump sum payment of \$52,540.09, which includes \$52,500.00 for pain and suffering and \$40.09 for past unreimbursed expenses, in the form of a check payable to Petitioner.** This amount represents compensation for all damages that would be available under Section 15(a).

The Clerk of Court is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this Decision.³

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Brian H. Corcoran
Brian H. Corcoran
Chief Special Master

³ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties’ joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF FEDERAL CLAIMS
OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

TERESA DAVIS,))))))
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v.))	Chief Special Master Corcoran	
SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES,)))	
Respondent.)))	

RESPONDENT'S PROFFER ON AWARD OF DAMAGES

On October 14, 2022, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (“respondent”) filed his Rule 4(c) report recommending compensation in this matter alleging a Shoulder Injury Related to Vaccine Administration following an influenza vaccination. The same day, the Court issued a Ruling on Entitlement finding petitioner Teresa Davis entitled to Vaccine Act compensation. Respondent now proffers that petitioner receive a compensation award consisting of a lump sum of **\$52,540.09**, which amount includes \$52,500.00 for pain and suffering and \$40.09 for past unreimbursed expenses, in the form of a check payable to petitioner, Teresa Davis.¹ This amount represents compensation for all elements of compensation under 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a) to which petitioner is entitled.²

Petitioner agrees with the proffered award of \$52,540.09.³

¹ Petitioner is a competent adult. No guardianship is required.

² Should petitioner die prior to entry of judgment, respondent would oppose any award for future medical expenses, future lost earnings, and future pain and suffering, and the parties reserve the right to move the Court for appropriate relief.

³ This proffer does not include any award for attorneys’ fees and costs that may be awarded pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(e).

Respectfully submitted,

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